

Threat Risk Performance Summary

Risk	Page Number	Q1 Rating	Q1 Matrix	Q2 Rating	Q2 Matrix	Q3 Rating	Q3 Matrix	Q4 Rating	Q4 Matrix
CRR13 - Financial Framework and Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP)	6	21	Impact	28	poodley	28	Likelihood	28	poor limpact
CRR15 - In-Year Financial Deficit	7	21	lmpact	21	pood less limpact	21	lmpact	28 	pood limpact
CRR9 - Safeguarding Vulnerable Children	8	21	Impact	21	Impact	21	Impact	21	Impact
CRR48 - Failure to meet the affordable housing needs of the City by failing to meet the Project 1000 Delivery target (Replaced CRR32)	9	21 NEW RISK	Impact	21	lmpact	21	Impact	21	Impact
CRR12 - Emergency planning measures and resources overwhelmed by scope and scale of an emergency or incident faced by the council	11	21	Impact	21	podyleski	21	lmpact lmpact	14	Impact
CRR52 - Fire Safety in High Rise residential buildings	12					21 Escalated from service risk registers	Likelihood	21	lmpact
CRR51 - Risk that ASC financial unsustainability due to national and local pressures leads to a failure to deliver statutory duties and budgetary control	14					21 NEW RISK	pooquijayiri	21	Tikelihood
CRR53 - Risk that increased social worker and occupational therapist vacancies and sickness rates will result in vulnerable adults' care being compromised	15					20 NEW RISK	lmpact	20	pooulle NI Impact
CRR39 - Adult and Social Care major provider/supplier failure	16	21	podujayiT	20	Tikelihood Impact	20	Pood	15	Likelihood Diagram Dia



Risk	Page Number	Q1 Rating	Q1 Matrix	Q2 Rating	Q2 Matrix	Q3 Rating	Q3 Matrix	Q4 Rating	Q4 Matrix
CRR7 - Cyber Security	17	20	Impact	20	lmpact	20	Impact	20	Impact
CRR25 - Suitability of Line of Business (LOB) systems	18	20	lmpact	20	pood	20	Likelihood	20	Impact Impact
CRR40 - Unplanned Investment in Subsidiary Companies	19	20	Impact	20	pood limpact	20	Impact	20	Impact
CRR49 – Workforce Resilience	20	21 NEW RISK	po odije Nj.	20	pood	20	Impact	20	pood He Hill Market
CRR41 – Capital Portfolio Delivery	22	20	lmpact	20	lmpact	20	Impact	20	lmpact
CRR37 – Homelessness	24	20	Impact	20	Pood	20	Impact	20	pood Fixelinood
CRR43 - Lack of progress for Mass Transit Impact on city	26	20	pood impact	20	poodilise	20	lmpact	20	Impact
CRR45 - Failure to deliver statutory duty in respect of Children	27	9	lmpact	15 	lmpact	15	Impact	20	Impact
CRR10 - Safeguarding Adults at Risk with Care and support needs	28	15	Impact	15 -	Impact	15 —	Impact	15	lmpact



Risk	Page Number	Q1 Rating	Q1 Matrix	Q2 Rating	Q2 Matrix	Q3 Rating	Q3 Matrix	Q4 Rating	Q4 Matrix
CRR6 - Fraud and Corruption	29	15	Impact	15	Theelihood	15	Likelihood	15	Impact Impact
CRR27 – Failure to deliver the Capital Transport Programme Delivery	31	15	pood Impact	15	Impact	15	Impact Impact	15	lmpact
CRR5 - Business Continuity and Operational Resilience.	32	15	Impact	15	Tikelihood	15	Tikelihood Ikelihood Ikeli	15	pooline
CRR26 - ICT Resilience.	33	14	Tik eiihood	14	Likelihood	14	rikelihood Danat	14	pood!!exi!]
CRR29 - Information Security Management System (ISMS)	34	10	Impact	10	Impact	10	mpact	10	lmpact
CRR4 - Failure to Deliver an effective Corporate Health, Safety and Wellbeing Framework	35	15	Twellhood Impact	10	Impact	10	lmpact	10	lmpact
CRR18 - Failure to deliver enough new homes to meet Mayoral and Annual Business Plan targets. (Formerly 'Failure to deliver enough homes to meet the City's needs')	37	15	poolijayi	10	Impact	10	Impact	10	Impact
CRR54 - Financial sustainability of nursery schools	???	15	pood Impact	15	Tikelihood	15	rikelihood Impact	21 Escalated	Impact



Opportunity Risk Performance Summary

Risk	Page Number	Q1 Rating	Q1 Matrix	Q2 Rating	Q2 Matrix	Q3 Rating	Q3 Matrix	Q4 Rating	Q4 Matrix
OPP1 - One City Approach	38	21	Impact	21	Impact	21	Impact		

External and Civil Contingency Risk Summary

Risk	Page Number	Q1 Rating	Q1 Matrix	Q2 Rating	Q2 Matrix	Q3 Rating	Q3 Matrix	Q4 Rating	Q4 Matrix
BCCC5 - Cost of Living Crisis impact on Citizens and Communities	39	28 NEW RISK	Likelihood	28	Impact	28	Impact	28	Impact
BCCC1 – Flooding	40	15	Likelihood	15	poodijayin	15	Likelihood	15	Impact
BCCC4 - Winter diseases including COVID-19 and Flu (formerly COVID-19 Population Health)	41	15	Tikelihood Impact	9	Treelihood	9	mpact	9	Impact

Risk Trend Key

Arrow	Description
1	The risk rating has improved from the previous quarter, having reduced in its severity.
1	The risk rating has deteriorated from the previous quarter, having increased in its severity.
	The risk rating has not changed from the previous quarter.



Threat Risks

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assess	sment Ri	isk Tolerance Level	l
Risk Title: CRR13 - Financial Framework and Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP) Description: Failure to be able to reasonably estimate and agree the financial 'envelope' available, both annually and in the medium-term and the council is unable to set a balanced budget.	Constant	28 Likelihood = 4 Impact = 7		14 ikelihood = 2 Impact = 7	Impact
Risk Causes: Failure to achieve Business Rates income- appeals/general economic	Existing Controls		Mitigating Actions		
growth/loss of major sites	Control		Action Title	Due Date	Progress
Economic uncertainty impact on locally generated revenues - business rates and housing growth, impacting on council tax, new homes bonus and business rate income.			Implementation of CI Financial Management Code	PFA June 2023	40%
The general economic uncertainty affecting the financial markets, levels of trade & investment Local Government finance settlement from spending review Continued Impact of Covid-19 on key income sources.			Review of financial outlook assumptions	June 2022	100%
Inadequate budgeting & budgetary control/Financial Settlements & wider fiscal policy changes:- The potential for new funding formulas such as fair funding, business rates retention to			Undertake annual financial resilience assessment Links to CIPFA Action	- June 2022	100%
significantly reduce the government funding available to the council alongside possible increase in demand for council services. Embedding of the new national funding formula for schools and High Needs. Political failure to facilitate the setting of a lawful budget. Unable to agree a deliverable programme of propositions that enable the required savings to be achieved. Insufficient reserves to mitigate risks and liabilities and provide resilience. Rising inflation could lead to increased cost. Impact of Adult Social Care reform and sufficient funding available to meet increased cost	Budget Preparation, Setting Accountability Framework - financial risks through a ran including budget preparation a Budget Accountability Fra and responsibilities for man- forecasting income and exp approved budgets are in pla	BCC manages its ge of controls n, budget setting and mework. Clear roles aging, monitoring and enditure against ace.	Fully refreshed MTFF report to Cabinet in October	September 2022	100%
Risk Consequences: Potential failure to set a legal budget and council tax by the due date, would have a significant adverse impact on the council's ability to provides services and the council's reputation locally and nationally in terms of investor confidence.	update including sensitivity financial modelling on all as inflation and demand growth	and scenario based sumptions including	5. Establishing the Busi & Budget Planning Board to oversee development of budge	repluary	100%
That the budget is unlikely to reflect council priorities and objectives. That the budget may not adequately resource pressures and increases in demand. That the budget includes savings which are not deliverable. That the council reserves are used for mitigating the medium-term financial plan; running down reserves, avoiding decision and reducing the Council's resilience. Negative impact on front line services. A negative opinion from external audit. Secretary of State intervention.			6. Making representation government departments in relato: - the likely costs at a local lefor the proposed Adult Social Coreforms	ation March	0%
Risk Owner(s): Chief Executive and Director of Finance (S151 Officer). Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance Strategic Theme: Our Organisation	Summary of Progress: The The 2023/24 does require sign the latter years.				



Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assess	ment	Risk Tole	rance Level	
Risk Title: CRR15 – In-Year Financial Deficit Description: The council's financial position goes into significant deficit in the current year resulting in reserves (actual or projected) being less than the minimum specified by the council's reserves policy.	Deteriorating	28 Likelihood = 4 Impact = 7	lmpact	6 Likelihood Impact =		t
Risk Causes:	Existing Controls		Mitigating Actions			
A failure to appropriately plan and deliver savings.	Control		Action Title		Due Date	Progress
Unscheduled loss of material income streams. Increase in demography, demand and costs for key council services.	BCC Financial Framework - BCC ensures that we have in place so	und arrangements for financial	1.DSG - Analysis for Mitigations	Further	August 2022	100%
The inability to generate the minimum anticipated level of capital receipts.	planning, management, monitorin Corporate Leadership Team and	Cabinet.	2. DSG - Phase 2 Pro	ogrammes	April 2022	100%
Insufficient reserves to facilitate short term mitigations, risks and liabilities. Interest rate volatility impacting on the council's debt costs. Impairments in our commercial Investments are realised. Response to inadequate SEND inspection in 2019, Increased demand for EHCPs, Lack of specialist provision in Bristol, increased compliance to statutory requirements in relation to SEND.	Deep Dives on non-containable p continual oversight and ongoing r financial risks and deep dives in a containable pressures. Ensuring engagement at local, re round table and working groups to review, Business Rates retention Local Government. To ensure fur	management of the council's areas reported of non- gional and national level - in the spending and new funding formulas for adding for Bristol is maximised	DSG - Proposal for Phase 3 Educations Transformation Programme		August 2022	100%
	and impact of changes are fed int planning and strategic planning. 4. Policy and Budget Framework - T	he Policy and Budget	Engagement pro indicative mitigat DSG manageme	tions of the	February 2023	100%
	Framework provides clear guidan process for supplementary fundin 5. Re-assessment of service deliver risk and other reserves - We will or the supplementary fundamental process.	g both capital and revenue. y risks and opportunities and	5. On-going proces identify and delive mitigating actions	ery in-year	March 2023	75%
Risk Consequences: The council's financial position goes into significant deficit in the	assessment of service delivery ris		6. DfE Deliver Bette	er Programme	March 2023	0%
current year resulting in reserves (actual or projected) being less than the minimum specified by the council's reserves policy. Risk Owner(s): Director of Finance (S151 Officer).	6. DSG - Detailed Management Pla A detailed Management Plan is ir recommended framework - The d plan was discussed with the DfE not requesting a formal submission 7. DSG - Early Years Block Task and 8. Vacancy Freeze to manage budg	n development, using the DfE's leficit and development of the in Spring 21. The DfE were on at this time. and Finish Group				
Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance	Summary of Progress: 'The P10 rep further need and associated financial r division, Education (including pressure	isk which has emerged as at Pe	riod 10 within the People	e Directorate's C	Children and Families	s (CSC)
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation	and Infrastructure's Energy service and position is being closely monitored and Council budgets.	d Management of Place's Parkir	ng service where previou	s risks have nov	w been built into fore	cast. The



Threat Risk	Trend	Current	t Risk Assessment	Risk Tole	rance Leve	el
Risk Title: CRR9 - Safeguarding Vulnerable Children	21		po O	7		
Description: The council fails to prevent increased risk of harm to children, resulting in harm or death to a vulnerable child.	Constant	Likelihood = 3 Impact = 7	Impact	Likelihood = 1 Impact = 7	Po od line line line line line line line line	
Risk Causes:	Existing Controls		M		_	
-Demand for services exceeds service capacity and	Control		Action Titl	Due Date	Progress	
capabilityInadequate controls result in harmIncrease in child protection, complex safeguarding			Reviewing national serious case rev recent high profile child deaths throu safeguarding arrangements		December 2022	100%
risks, criminal exploitation, serious youth violence and gang affiliationHidden harm resulting from periods of lockdown,			New Quality Assurance Processes – mentoring and training for social wor		Sept 2022	100%
increased stress in families and service disruption during COVID -Placement failure due to COVID infection across			Draft revised Threshold Document w approved by Keeping Bristol Safe Pa quarter.	artnership over the next	March 2023	90%
children's home or fostering households. -An increase in demand of 6% evident across care population - specific pressures are clear for teenagers and unaccompanied children requiring our care			Procure a strategic partner to undert familial harm and with our children w home or care. (JA – different due da	ho go missing from	April 2023	80%
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director People, Director Children's and Families Services.			Working with Cornwall as part of Sec review our place-based leadership a prevention of care offer.	rrangements and	March 2023	100%
Portfolio Flag: Children's Services, Education & Equalities	Summary of Progress: Demand continue asylum., 3. Increase in children presenting demand and placement sufficiency we have	with trauma. And 4.	We have increasing numbers of c	hildren coming into care		
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Wellbeing.						



Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk A	Asse	essment	R	isk Tolerance L	.evel
Risk Title: CRR48 - Failure to meet the affordable housing needs of the city by failing to meet the Project 1000 Delivery targets. (Replacing CRR32)			Г			4 pood = 2	
Description: Failure of the City to deliver to the Mayoral Target of 1000 affordable homes per year by 2024. Strategies and delivery models designed to further stimulate growth in the housing market and deliver diversity of the housing in the city prove to be ineffective.		21 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 7		Impact	14. Likelihood = 2 Impact = 7		Impact
Risk Causes: - Availability of public subsidy from homes England and	Exis	ting Controls		Mit	tigating Ac	tions	
challenges in meeting their funding viability and value	Control			Action Title	J	Due Date	Progress
for money assumptions -reduction in the levels of Capital funding the Council has to support affordable housing delivery by third party	Improved our monitoring	of affordable housing delivery and cation of where HDT can unblock	1.	Bid for second round funding th BFLR fund to unlock a second (July 2022	100%
providers - the complexity and costs associated with the	barriers to delivery.	30% affordable housing on land	2.	Develop the Housing Delivery F 25.	Plan 2022-	December 2022	100%
development of brownfield sites, leading to viability challenges for both direct and 3rd party delivery.	nt of brownfield sites, leading to viability released by the Council.			Review & amend the Affordable Housing Practice note in 2021/22.		July 2022	100%
- Insufficient land available - continued impact of Covid 19 on the delivery programme of developments in the City - Not enough planning applications submitted - Not enough planning permissions granted and delays within the planning process - Inability of the housebuilding industry to deliver at this level to meet need through the planning system - Increased uncertainty in the market due to Brexit - Lack of capacity within the council's delivery system and the local market - Insufficient housing land identified in strategic planning documents	as possible. New framev in place, focussing on bo 4. Project 1000 and Housing decision making / suppor influence and unblock ba place. 5. KPI Targets for affordable of KPI targets through spannual delivery against ta	subsidy in schemes - This provides as much affordable housing as possible. New framework for regular collaboration and review in place, focussing on both BCC direct delivery and RP delivery. Project 1000 and Housing Delivery Boards - Scrutiny and active decision making / support at a senior and political level to influence and unblock barriers to delivery. Project 1000 leads in place. KPI Targets for affordable housing delivery - quarterly reporting of KPI targets through spar.net providing corporate scrutiny on annual delivery against targets			nding	March 2022	100%
Risk Consequences: 1. Reputational damage			5.	Secure Homes England Afforda Housing Programme Funding		March 2026	40%
Increased levels of homelessness Increased demand from the private rented sector,			6.	Housing		December 2022	56%
(non-affordable), by those in highest need 4. Residualisation of lower value areas of the city 5. Economic deprivation, poorer health and lower			7.	Develop new practice notes on housing delivery through Build t First Homes	to Rent and	April 2022	100%
educational attainment of households living in poverty in poor housing conditions with limited tenancy sustainability			8.	Plan and establish a monthly Property working group to oversee all aff housing development activity, n	ordable	August 2022	100%



6. Balance between addressing need for family homes V increased viability of delivering smaller units			manage risk and unblock internal barriers to delivery		
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth and Regeneration, Director Development.		9.	Develop a new framework of appraisal parameters and agree a clear funding programme approach for HRA delivery	October 2022	100%
		10.	Review structure and capacity of current Housing Delivery Team to ensure the team has the ability to meet Project 1000 and HRA Business plan targets for direct delivery	December 2022	100%
		11.	Maximise capital funding from Homes England, WECA and DLUHC to address the complexities and additional costs of delivering an affordable housing programme on brownfield sites, including looking at ways of developing a strategic approach with key funding partners to meet infrastructure and abnormal costs.	March 2025	60%
Portfolio Flag: Housing Delivery and Homes	Summary of Progress. Concerns remain in the construction affordable housing delivery within the current timescales. This viable and are not brought forward for development, effecting	may the lo	delay delivery beyond 2023/24 or at woonger-term pipeline. There are currently	orst case mean sites are 1,300 affordable home	e no longer
Strategic Theme: Fair and Inclusive	development and many more to commence on site in 2023/24,	contri	iduting to the totals for delivery in the cor	ning years.	



Threat Risk	Trend	Current Ri	sk Assessment		Risk Tolerance	Level		
Risk Title: CRR12 - Emergency planning measures and resources overwhelmed by scope and scale of an emergency or incident faced by the council Description: A Major Incident or emergency which exceeds the response capacity of the council and partner responding organisations leading to mass fatalities, excess deaths, damage to property and infrastructure and an ability to deliver key service to the community. In addition, further consequences could be litigation and reputational damage to the council.	Improving	14 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 7	Impact Likelihoo Impact		ood = 3	Impact		
Risk Causes:	Existing	Controls	M	litigating A	ating Actions			
-Emergency risks not identified and prepared for.	Control		ingumig 7 t	Due Date	Progress			
-Lack of trained and available responding staffEmergency roles and responsibilities not embedded.	1.24/7 Operations Centre properties for the city and a co-ordina recovery.		Action Title 1.Emergency training – rest centre humanitarian assistance and train Marshals currently running	s, ing for	April 2022	100%		
	2.Corporate Resilience Grocontingencies risks identifie Risk Assessment and deliv Responder duties		2.Plan and Deliver Corporate exer	October 2022	100%			
	3.Active participation in the Resilience Forum and close partners, including training	e working with multi-agency	3.Development and sign off of Stra Management Plan	May 2022	100%			
	4.Emergency Plans		4.Development and roll out of the I Planning e-learning package	Emergency	October 2023	60%		
Risk Consequences: Increased risk of:	5.Duty Director rota in place		5.Community Resilience Mapping development		October 2023	75%		
- Disruption of public services - Disruption of transport networks - Death/injury	6.Duty Civil Protection Office place (Highways, Dangeror Social Care, etc)	er and other duty rotas in us Structures, Public Health,	6.Supporting the review of the ASL programme and Operational Mode		May 2022	100%		
- Displacement of people	7.BCC emergency plan train		7.Continued support to the Covid r particularly around testing and var	ccinations	June 2022	100%		
	8.Monitoring of severe weat		8.Coordination of support for Afgharefugee hotels	an	May 2022	100%		
	9.Close working with Safety							
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth and Regeneration, Director Management of Place.	9.Horizon scanning for eme Ukraine war (through CRG							
Portfolio Flag: City Economy, Finance & Performance	likelihood has reduced from	m 3 likely to 2 unlikely to re	has been reduced this quarter. Alt flect coming out of the winter perion blocks and a continued reduction	od, a stabilis	sation in internation	red the same, the al energy prices,		
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Wellbeing				•	•			



Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk A	Assessment	Risk	Tolerance	Level
Risk Title: CRR52 - Fire Safety in high Rise residential buildings		21	p o	7		
Description: Risk of failing to ensure high rise properties meet safety requirements	Constant	Likelihood = 3 Impact = 7	Impact	Likelihoo Impact	-	Impact
Risk Causes: Findings from new PAS9980 inspection	Existing Co	ntrols		Mitigating Ac	tions	
regime, learning from fires and new regulatory	Control		Action Titl		Due Date	Progress
requirements. Difficulty recruiting to new posts and conducting service review resulting in no additional	 Carry out fire risk assessments areas/assets identified as requiri 	ng an FRA on an annual	Waking watch impleme blocks with EPS claddi	ng	November 2022	100%
dedicated resources with responsibility for building safety cases and resident engagement.	of bi-annual basis depending on level of risk and occupancy (97% complete)		Building new investment into the budget/business plan for 2023/24		March 2023	100%
	 Fire Engineer Independent Ass Rise blocks. The IA's included ho 		Complete a review of b innovation	usiness	April 2023	0%
	safety equivalent to type 4 intrus • Separate contractual arrangen		Complete a review of fire safety policies and processes		May 2023	0%
Risk Consequences: Risks to personal safety, reputational and legal (financial and criminal), increased insurance costs.	remedial works • Deliver programme of PAS 996 FRAEW's • BCC instructs further assessm FRA's • Carpenters are TRADA trained	ents as directed from				
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth and Regeneration, Director Homes and Landlord Service	required standards • Fire risk assessments are carr					
	competent people. • Fire safety and awareness trai					
	Fire safety policy implemented stay put, evacuation etc.					
	Monthly building safety board in building safety compliance					
	Our current fire safety consultated Control) is IFE (Institution of Fire)	Engineers) accredited.				
	For low rise, our current assessor Assessor's Certification Scheme) qualified.				
	 Separate contractual arrangen and remedial works 	nents are held for FRA's				



Portfolio Flag: Housing Delivery and Homes

Summary of Progress: Tendered for provider to complete FRAs Tendered for framework of providers to carry out FRAEW Action plan in place to meet new fire safety regulatory requirements including communication and signage (risk of meeting compliance scored separately). Interim measures (waking watch) in place and budget provision for EPS removal, interim measures, and sprinkler programme in place. Risk can be reviewed when new inspection programmes implemented and regs action plan is completed.

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk	Assessment	Risk Tole	erance Leve	el
Risk Title: CRR51 - Risk that ASC financial unsustainability due to national and local pressures leads to a failure to deliver statutory duties and budgetary control	Constant	21	po O	10	poo	
Description: There is a risk that ASC financial unsustainability due to a number of national and local pressures compromises the ability to deliver statutory duties		Likelihood = 3 Impact = 7	Likelihood	Likelihood = 2 Impact = 5	Likelihood	0
and the independence of people that draw on care and support.			Impact		Imp	act
Risk Causes:	Existing Co	ontrols		Mitigating Actions		
-Rising demand in Adult Social Care which must be met	Control		Action	Title	Due Date	Progress
under the Care Act. Particularly from complex needs and higher cost requirements in people under 65. These needs are more likely to be met outside of area, be subject to lower	 Established Care Cubed to enabling the service to maxin Improved Business Intelliger 	mise value for money	Develop alternative to long Increase provision of Tech Shared Lives and Direct P	nology Enabled Care, ayments	December 2022	50%
personal contributions, and be needed for longerIncrease of needs due to more health services being	tools for analysing and repor and performance information		Increase the number of direct payments through reviewing process and practice		March 2023	40%
delivered in the community without appropriate funding following the patient.	Improved governance proce- case discussion where all sp	ss on all spend - Improved	Increase the take up and ouse of technology enabled		January 2023	70%
 -Increased complex needs across our demographics that must be met under the Care Act. -Lack of funds available within budget to meet statutory duties. -Lack of systems in order to ensure effective governance and control of all spend. -Pressure from wider system pressures - for example, delays in hospitals which lead to increased long term cost provision for care. -Non-recurrent funding which limits opportunity for long term investment. 	tighter governance. Leading integration opporture stablishment of the Integration are leading implementation of which will maximise vfm e.g. learning disability and autism. Realignment of ASC Operation teams to work with local provoluntary sector to maximise outside of Council statutory presilience in communities and	nities with Health - Through ted Care Board (ICB) BCC of integration opportunities joint commissioning of n team ions - Using new locality viders, community and es care and support provision provision. This builds	Management restructure a management to deliver sa	nd vacancy vings	March 2023	70%
Risk Consequences: - Overspending on the budget which may impact the wider council.	statutory services are focuse Reset the ASC Transformati programme to address mark	ed on the right interventions. on Programme - Reset the	Review of in-house service efficiencies and savings	e provision to deliver	March 2023	50%



-The consequence of this risk are that appropriate and effective care and support as required under the Care Act may not be possible for all those who require it. The consequence could be felt in the quality or quantity of care and support, or in both.	challenges, price control, practice, and integration		
Portfolio Flag: Children's Services, Education & Equalities Portfolio Flag: Adult Social Care & Integrated Care System	Summary of Progress : The score remains the same due to mitigations in place to address this but going into 23/24 ther agreed that will need to be delivered.		
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Wellbeing.			

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assessment		Risk Tolerance Le		el
Risk Title: CRR53 - Risk that increased social worker and occupational therapist vacancies and sickness rates will result in vulnerable adults' care being compromised.	Canatant	20	po	9	po	
Description: Limited staff capacity within operational teams will result in increased waiting times for assessment and review potentially putting vulnerable adults at risk of going without sufficient care and support.	Constant	20 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 7	Impact	Likelihood = 3 Impact = 3	rikelihood	act
Risk Causes: -Difficulties recruiting and retain experienced social workers and OTs.	Existing C	ontrols		Mitigating Actio	ns	
This is in line with national picture of increasing vacancy rates in statutory adult care social care departments across the country.	Control		Acti	on Title	Due Date	Progres s
-These vacancies are not distributed equally with some operational teams having nearly 50% vacant posts.	Increase Social Work and OT Apprentice capacity - ASC have doubled the amount of SW and OT		Review AMHP Ma	rket Supplement	January 2023	100%
-Sickness absence in operational teams have also increased during this period which is further compounding operational teams' ability to respond to those in most urgent need. -Cost of living crisis is also likely to impact on retention rates of social work staff	per year and 2 OT apprent Operational Business Con	tinuity plans duty - All ternal prioritisation process	Practitioners to bolster w Agreed to recruit Social Practitioners and OT aid		October 2022	100%



Risk Consequences: - As a result of this decreased operational capacity this has seen an increase in numbers of people waiting for assessment and reviews (insert data) -The percentage of individuals who have had an annual review of their care and support needs has also decreased in the last year with less than 50% of individual in receipt of care and support having had a formal review. Risk Owner(s): Executive Director People, Director Adult Social Care.	robust duty systems in place with duty workers present to respond to urgent demands or cases to mitigate against highest risk of harm to citizens and respond in a timely way to those at greatest need. Recruitment Strategy - Developed new recruitment strategy and implemented rolling recruitment advert. Developing enhanced Wellbeing offer for operational staff - dedicated additional resource within Adult Workforce L&D to enhance our wellbeing and support offer.	recruiting registered staff. Cost will be covered by SW vacancies and underspend and can offer some mitigation. Historically we have more success and recruiting and retaining non-registered staff than SW and OT roles.
Portfolio Flag: Adult Social Care & Integrated Care System	at 70% which includes vacancies and all absences. This va	ontinues to be stretched. Currently average practitioner capacity sits ries significantly across teams and localities with 3 operational teams lting from further vacancy management and dispensation process.
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering others and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well connected, Wellbeing.		

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assessment		Current Risk Assessment Risk Tole		sk Toleran	ice Lev	el
Risk Title: CRR39 – Adult and Social Care major provider/supplier failure	Improving	15	р	14	1	po		
Description: Failure or potential degradation of ASC service provision linked to a complex set of internal / external risks causing service interruption or cessation. Failures or closures in the supply chain mean insufficient supply to source adequate appropriate support and meet Care Act needs.	improving	Likelihood = 4 Impact = 5	Impact	Likelihoo Impact	od = 2	Likelihood	eact	
Risk Causes: - Provider goes into liquidation or ceases operations	Existir	ig Controls		Mitigatin	g Actions			
-Provider unable to meet demand due to recruitment / workforce/ or			Action T	itle	Due Da	ate	Progress	
organisational issuesFactors influencing provider/supplier failure: Increased demand and		I sustainability issues and x3 week ags across operations	Review of Provider Fir Sustainability process		December 20)22	100%	
increased complexity of need of individuals putting further pressure on social care sector. Chronic workforce recruitment and retention problems heightened by pandemic. The social care sector facing a number of other issues – highly competitive job market, covid 'exhaustion', rising energy costs, changes to National Living Wage, inflation/ raising costs of supplies, high cost of living in Bristol, significant pressures from two large acute hospitals.	, , , ,		Proud to Care Program	mme	March 2023		50%	



Risk Consequences: Citizens (many of whom are very vulnerable) may have services ended or reduced without much notice putting them at risk and causing	Relations team which assess risks to those provisions and	Fair Cost of Care exercise Cost of Living Work	October 2022 October 2022	100%
distress Lack of suitable local provision may mean people moving away from community, support networks	Provider Sustainability Panel is a forum where ASC can assess the financial issues facing individual provider and consider support options	Update of Provider Failure Procedure	December 2022	50%
Lack of alternative provision should mean not meeting statutory duties under Care Act Pressures on ASC workforce (social work, contracts, brokerage commissioning etc) to review and find alternative provision in timely manner Financial pressures as demand may drive prices up Lack of suitable provision resulting people moving to inappropriate more costly provision (e.g. care home instead of home care) Risk Owner(s): Executive Director People, Director Adult Social Care.	· · · ·			
Portfolio Flag: Adult Social Care & Integrated Care System	Summary of Progress: In recent quarter we have experien planned closures and care providers consolidating their servi			f continued
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering others and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well connected, Wellbeing.				

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assessment		Risk To	lerance Lev	erance Level	
Risk Title: CRR7 – Cyber Security Description: The Council's risk level in regard to Cyber-security is higher than should be expected.	Constant	20 Likelihood = 4 Impact = 5	Impact	5 Likelihood = 1 Impact = 5	Likelihood	pact	
Risk Causes: • Lack of investment in appropriate technologies.	Existing Con	trols		Mitigating Actions	S		
Reliance on in-house expertise, and self-	Control		Action	Title	Due Date	Progress	
assessments (PSN). • Lack of formal approach to risk management (ISO27001).	Phishing attack exercises - As well as technical controls, the Council continues to carry out regular Phishing attack exercises where we are sending emails to staff to see how		Work with ICT colleagues continues and discussions around cementing roles and responsibilities is being undertaken		August 2023	85%	



Historic lack of focus.	users react to this type of Cyber Attack. Anyone clicking on links is directed towards targeted training.			
Risk Consequences: a. Information security incidents resulting in loss of personal data or breach of privacy / confidentiality. b. Safeguarding data breach impacting on safety of vulnerable child or adult. c. Risk of breaching the regulations and being subject to penalties/fines - Regulations Fines increasing from up to £500,000 to 10-20m Euros of 4% of global turnover, enforced by the Information Commissioners Office on behalf of the European Union. d. Increased litigation. e. Reputational damage. Risk Owner(s): Chief Executive, Senior	Targeted Training of employees – The Information Governance and ICT team will continue to work together to support the SIRO to develop appropriate targeted training for all Council staff relating to cyber security. developed by IG and ICT Teams Technical controls 4. Security team training	2. Implement audit actions with oversight by IG Board	August 2023	80%
Information Risk Owner (SIRO). Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and	Summary of Progress. No change to the score currently. Progr	ress is being made in addressing some large and	complex areas o	of concern,
Performance	such as the creation of a Security Operations Centre (SOC) & co Support is being given from 3rd Part SMEs and the DSP.			
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation				

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk	Current Risk Assessment		rance Level
Risk Title: CRR25 – Suitability of Line of Business (LOB) Systems Description: The Council has reliance on legacy software systems which cause a number of risks due to; 1. Supportability from internal IT resource 2. The supportability of the hardware utilised 3. Lack of alignment to strategy and therefore a blocker to Digital Transformation 4. Within an appropriate support contract 5. Legacy data used for current work (GDPR) 6. Lack of Information (Cyber) Security controls 7. High cost where alternative core Council solutions exist	Constant	20 Likelihood = 4 Impact = 5	Impact	10 Likelihood = 2 Impact = 5	lmpact
Risk Causes: Sovereignty within service areas, and a	Existing Con	trols	Mitigating Actions		



lack of motivation to change.	Control		Action Title	Due Date	Progress
Cost of transition. Lack of knowledge of which systems are problematic and the impacts of these. Lack of understanding of impact. Lack of ownership from Information Asset Owners. Lack of documentation pertaining to software systems and ownership of strategy.	Auditing of all councils Line of Busing	ness (LOB systems)	1.Undertake comprehensive review of all software systems and identify potential risks (as per threat risk description). Place all risks into an Operational Risk format. Risks will be scored and any known mitigation noted. This will be presented to CLB for further review and to agree action plan.	December 2022	100%
Cost avoidance of replacing systems. This is seen as an IT problem, not one for the software system owners.	IT Services highlight risks and shor informal manner) to Heads of Servi		2.Channel Shift Project - Review legacy line of business systems with the view to rationalising and replacing either by building on existing internal platforms such as dynamics or via procurement of new products and better utilisation of functionality.	February 2028	0%
Risk Consequences: Lack of resilience and continuity in event of an incident/failure High-cost applications without appropriate support. Inability to improve service delivery through digital transformation.	Work with Information Governance or Information Management risk are understand the risks to their service.	e identified and service areas			
May feed into Information (Cyber) Security risks. Risk Owner(s): Director, Digital Transformation, Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO) for Cyber Security. Service Areas for BCP/DR.					
Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance	Summary of Progress: Awaiting of into Pentana with the correct busine		hat all risks from the application risk spreadsheet	supplied have b	een entered
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation					

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk	Assessment Risk Toler		erance Level
Risk Title: CRR40 – Unplanned Investment in Subsidiary Companies	_	20	g	6	D D
Description: There is a risk that BCC'S investments in subsidiaries may require greater than anticipated capital investment.	Constant	20 Likelihood = 4 Impact = 5	Impact	Likelihood = 2 Impact = 3	Impact
Risk Causes: Failure to have effective corporate	Existing Co	ntrols	Mitigating Actions		
governance arrangements in place in one or more	Control		Action Title Due Date Progre		



of the companies. Failure to ensure the right leadership with the right skills across the Companies.	1. 2.	Audit and Risk Committee - Supports on issues of risk, control and governance Board Effectiveness Reviews to be annual	Align Risk Management Arrangements Between BCC/BHL	April 2023	50%
Business Failure due to severe economic downturn caused by external factors (incl. Pandemic & Brexit). Service delivery failure as a result of specific market changes (e.g., recyclate market, housing market, volatility in gas and electric market prices, delays in timing of income from customer heat network connections), failure to secure planning etc. Delivery of BE2020 wind up within financial envelope. Legislation changes. Cyber Security - risk that key systems are compromised and that sensitive data is stolen Failure to develop and grow commercial trading activities	3. 4. 5. 6.	workforce planning Continued monitoring of the impact of External issues such as COVID on the business and adaptive approach being proposed for optimising emerging opportunities and mitigating pressures Effective engagement with BHL re reserved matter decisions and wider engagement with BCC Client teams to review performance, quality and set clear KPIs Shareholding Group Weekly progress review provided and regular review of assumptions, cash flow and risks	2.BCC Capital Strategy limits BCC exposure to loans	December 2021	100%
Risk Consequences: - Financial Loss			3.Business Plan for Holding Companies 23/24	March 2023	0%
- Reputational damage to the council			4.Business Plan for Holdings Companies	March 2022	100%
- Impact to service provision provided by subsidiary companies			5. Capital Programme	March 2022	100%
Risk Owner(s): Chief Executive and S151 Officer. Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance		ary of Progress: Risk Parameters remain same. Indicand next year.	 ation of Financial support for BWC identified in	the latest BWC B	udget for this
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well Connected, Wellbeing					

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Asse	ssment	Risk Tolera	ince Level
Risk Title: CRR49 - Workforce Resilience		20	elihood	9	poodii
Description : A lack of workforce resilience or capacity to provide statutory services and achieve strategic aims	Constant	Likelihood = 4 Impact = 5	를 Impact	Likelihood = 3 Impact = 3	i i



and objectives					
Risk Causes:		Existing Controls	Mitigating	Actions	
Failure to recruit – particularly in specialist areas	Control		Action Title	Due Date	Progress
where the market is highly competitive COVID-19 impact in labour market and workforce sickness High levels of staff turnover High staff sickness levels Ineffective prioritisation of workloads Risk Consequences: Key services fail – inability to meet service demands Statutory and/ or regulatory obligations are not delivered Strategic priorities and aims are not delivered. The council becomes unfocused and demand led. Increasing levels of sickness absence Higher staff turnover and loss of talent HSE/Legal action Reputational damage Poor customer satisfaction leading to complaints and requests for compensation	of contingent work Promotion of appre opportunities Regular and close Dashboards and le starters/exits to en Stress risk assess occupational health are in place to min absence. A refresh through consultation due for launch in E Support for manage succession planning and skills gaps Consideration of in encouraging take the facilities available in Introduction of an adiscuss with team ensure a workplace wellbeing	pers with future workforce planning and ng, with bespoke action plans to target diversity mpact of cost of living and winter pressures, up of booster and flu jabs and review the	Analysis of staff feedback (from surveys and team discussions) to take targeted action to support the resilience and wellbeing of the workforce. This includes the introduction of workshops, e-learning resources, training courses, coaching and advice, in addition to the Employee Assistance Programme Workforce Strategy is currently being refreshed and will have workforce resilience and wellbeing as a primary theme	October 2022 March 2023	75%
Risk Owner(s): Chief Executive, Director of Workforce and Change		is risk remains as High due to the adverse impact e impact of the continued vacancy controls, capac			
Portfolio Flag: City Economy, Finance & Performance Strategic Theme: Our Organisation	service resilience.				



Threat Risk	Trend	Current Ris	k Assessment	Risk Tole	rance Lev	'el
Risk Title: CRR41 – Capital Portfolio Delivery Description: Capital portfolio is not delivered on time, within budget and does not deliver One City Plan and Corporate Strategy objectives.	Constant	20 Likelihood = 4 Impact = 5	Impact	6 Likelihood = 2 Impact = 3	Likelihood	O
Risk Causes:	Existing Controls			Mitigating Actions		
Strategic, geographic, social, financial and economic conditions changing	Control		Action 1	- - 	Due Date	Progress
over time Oversight of Project Interdependencies not well managed Insufficient in-house resources to progress major projects lead to missed opportunities to leverage third party	Introduction of enhanced highlight and exception reporting at the G&R Board - Change Services PMO have regular Highlight reports submitted to		Deliver workshops on the review and refresh of the capital programme and review of Capital receipting/disposal.		31 August 2022	100%
investment Failure to anticipate and secure investment and resources to deliver	Internal/External comms factored in into all resource reputational risks	Collaboration with Sustainable City and Climate Change Service to develop a Bristol Capital Sustainability Standard		October 2022	100%	
enabling works and infrastructure Risk Consequences: The cost is higher than expected The capital portfolio is delivered later than planned The operating and maintenance cost	Additional headroom in MTFP assumptions to mar supply chain issues - Change Services PMO have submitted to G&R Board from key and/or large cap projects. This is now ongoing.	regular Highlight reports	Developing of a new compre framework, lifecycle and star procedure Spring 21 that ove governance and Decision Pa	ndard operating erlaid with existing BCC	October 2022	100%
of assets exceeds expectations Benefits not delivered resulting in failure to deliver outcomes to secure strategic objectives			Commissioned capital strate	gic partner	February 2021	100%
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth and Regeneration.						
Portfolio Flag: Mayoral Portfolio and City Economy, Finance & Performance	Summary of Progress: The main risks and mitigati updates below. In this note I have set out some of the are scored a such:					



Strategic Theme: Our

Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well Connected, Wellbeing

Communities / Social

The capital portfolio contains works that if delayed could have a sever but manageable negative impact on vulnerable groups/individuals (school places, affordable homes, transport infrastructure etc). Management responses to risk areas below will help manage the impact on this.

Environmental

The capital portfolio is a high waste creator and polluter. It also offers significant opportunity to construct and install tech and infrastructure essential to meeting strategic aims and reducing its negative impact on the environment in the delivery phase.

Delivering sustainable projects within policy is now more prevalent but there is significant opportunity to improve. Capital Projects Service is collaborating with Sustainable City and Climate Change Service to develop a Bristol Capital Sustainability Standard. This will set out a strategic plan for environmental sustainability across the whole of Bristol City Council's capital portfolio. It contains objectives for the portfolio as a whole and guidance to help delivery staff understand the relevance to their projects. It will provide a set of metrics to track the sustainability performance of the capital portfolio. It will provide advice on what individual projects should report on to feed into these metrics. It will provide an approach to addressing sustainability across the lifecycle of a capital project. This is being piloted currently in Capital Strategic Partnership commissions.

I feel we should also consider adding the capital portfolio as a **strategic opportunity** to support attainment of strategic environmental goals. Public realm, building asset operation, energy creation & distribution, sustainable transport, ways of working, modern methods of construction can all make significant contributions if embedded **consistently** in the portfolio with good structures, process and management.

<u>Financial</u>

Impact is 5 as the capital portfolio is currently operating within its 'assumptions'. In short there is sufficient capital to meets its liability. Inflation and the impact on labour and material due to geopolitical factors will place significant strain on budgets and will likely require use of portfolio contingency. Headroom has been created in the MTFP 2023 to protect the ability to meet contractual obligations and high-level aspirations. **This includes the impact of the Bristol Beacon additional cost on the**

Capital programme.

An iteration of this was completed in February 23 budget to create additional headroom in the MTFP to manage high level risk over inflation and cost increases in the capital portfolio. In June 2022 Grant Thornton published it's interim Auditors Report on Bristol City Council. The report made several observations on capital delivery and capital spend including that the capital programme historically delivers 75% of its spend in the final quarter of the financial year. The recommendations and actions made in the report are factored into the responses and actions associated with this risk. Accurate forecasting and highly assured and smooth delivery of the capital portfolio are the key goals for the steps articulated in the Programme and Project Management section below. As part of the contract with the Strategic Capital Partnership, resource and support has been provided to increase training for officers to improve accuracy of current and future forecasting and budget requests for consideration within decision pathways and corporate governance.

Programme & Project Management

The capital programme was rated as 'Limited' when internally audited in 2021. Head of Capital Projects developed a new comprehensive delivery framework, lifecycle and standard operating procedure Spring 21 that overlaid with existing BCC governance and Decision Pathway. This was internally audited at the same time and was given a 'Reasonable' assurance level with the steps to make it Substantial being to roll it out for all capital projects, not just Strategic Partner commissions. This is now a Audit management action allocated to the Head of Capital Projects.

All Strategic Partner commissions are using the framework and SOS's. City Transport are adopting as part of the organisational refresh with 5 projects trialling already. Housing Delivery are currently considering pilot schemes for the framework as well.

The need for a Portfolio Management Office set up has been recognised by the organisation to coordinate the portfolio's programmes and sub projects. This will allow far greater level 2 assurance, understanding interconnected risks and issues and the application of the framework across the majority of the portfolio. This will improve reporting, decision making, control and risk management. Capital Projects is working with Change Services to design and implement this capital PMO function. Resource has been a continual issue in delivery of capital programmes and projects. In Feb 21 the Capital Strategic Partner was commissioned. This has enabled quick call off for professional services required for capital delivery. The take up of the Partnership by officers has been greater than initially anticipated. This indicates that key projects and programmes are benefiting from this resource particularly in PM and Programme Management. Demonstrable improvements are seen in the parts of the portfolio with pilots and those that are using the new delivery framework but this score will only be reduced when there is a consistent improvement across



the whole capital portfolio.

Reputation

External and internal comms are being factored into all resource requests (mandate, OBC, FBC). There is significant risk capital delivery (Bristol Beacon as an example). I would note that our reputation in the market is also very important. The construction market is volatile and unpredictable at the moment. The Council needs to be considered a client of choice that suppliers want to work with or there is a significant risk that tender responses will be limited with poor value for money implications. Behaviours of commissioners and how the Council communicates its aspiration and values is key to manage this.

Likelihood

I have reviewed the likelihood against the criteria (specified on Pentana) and believe there is some justification in considering reducing to a Likely level due to the management actions we have in place and the steps we have taken to address PM and Programme Management deficiencies and resource issues. However I have decided to recommend we keep at Almost Certain for review in 3 months' time. We will have had more time to assess the impact of the strategies/actions and have evidence in tangible outputs (completed projects & programmes) that will evidence the reduction rather than the improvement being only anticipated

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assessment Risk T			lerance Le	vel
Risk Title: CRR37 - Homelessness Description: The risk that homelessness and the subsequent cost of providing suitable affordable accommodation to meet needs and achieve effective long-term outcomes	Constant	20 Likelihood = 4 Impact = 5	pood limpact	9 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 3	Likelihood	O
increases. Risk Causes:						
-The ending of the eviction ban	Existing Controls			Mitigating Actions		
-Unemployment and cost of living rising	Control		Action Title		Due Date	Progress
leading to an increase in evictions. -A recent sharp increase in the number of	Joint commissioning of services - commissioning of services for those		Changing Futures Programme		March 2024	20%
households partly or wholly reliant on welfare benefits [UC claimant households in Bristol have risen from 17,000 in number in April	households who also face multiple create a more holistic approach ar outcomes. Proposals for commiss	nd to improve	Introduce longer term block contracts for Temporary Accommodation that will reduce the net unit cost of TA to BCC		July 2022	100%
2020 to 38,000+ in Feb. 2022]. For most welfare benefits recipients, particularly those living in the private rented sector, housing and essential household costs are not met by their benefits entitlements'. -Impact of the pandemic leading to an increase in mental health issues, family relationship breakdown and domestic violence & abuse.	framework for supported TA is goi October 2022. • Effective Commissioning - Recom term supported housing (Pathway support contracts - to maximise ef resources / funding stream and mi homelessness • Effective cost - New supplier contr	mission our short- s) accommodation & fectiveness of these nimise repeat	Increase the supply of move - RSAP round 5 bid deadline		March 2024	60%



-Supply of affordable rented housing reducing -Increasing popularity of Bristol as a city to move to, and associated increased pressure on demand and cost of private rented accommodation	introduced new block contracts for some Temporary Accommodation, reducing the cost of TA to the Council. Planning to bring more block contracts on- line this financial year			
Risk Consequences: Increase in homelessness and the number of households in Temporary Accommodation. Expenditure on Temporary Accommodation does not return to		Cost Effective Accommodation - Initiated a project with the aim of reducing the net unit cost of Temporary Accommodation. Opportunities being explored and prioritised.	December 2022	50%
pre-pandemic levels and could continue to increase.		Homelessness prevention - increase access to private rented - Review our approach to working with the Private rented sector and produce spend to save proposals which will increase access to accommodation and reduce TA use	December 2022	100%
		Homelessness prevention - review client access - Review how the service and the wider homelessness sector works with clients to identify opportunities for more early intervention and prevention of homelessness	March 2023	10%
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth and Regeneration, Director Housing				
Portfolio Flag: Housing Delivery and Homes	Summary of Progress: The cost-of-living crisis poses signific and will depend partly on what government support is put in homelessness. The number of households presenting to Br number of households living in Temporary Accommodation	place. The homelessness organisation crisis is precistol City Council is continuing to increase. There has	licting a 30% i s been an incr	ncrease in ease in the
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well Connected, Wellbeing.	year the number of families with children living in TA has inc TA is more expensive than that for single clients. This is add Housing Benefit Subsidy loss. With in-year mitigations the fo	creased whilst the number of single clients has staye ding to the financial pressure. There is an underlying	d roughly the	same. Family

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assessment		Risk Tolera	ance Level
Risk Title: CRR43 - Lack of progress for Mass		20	7.	10	



Transit Impact on city Description: Failure of regional authorities to agree way forward for development of a Mass Transit system. No sign up to results of feasibility study.	Constant	Likelihood = 4 Impact = 5	Likelihoo Impact		
Risk Causes:	Existing Co	ontrols	Mitigating A	Actions	
Resourcing Business Case development Lack of political consensus					
3. Viability of Business Case	Control		Action Title	Due Date	Progress
Viability of Business Case Lack of DfT support	Mass Transit Directors Board - M regional level to ensure appropria with project Regular internal briefings - Regul managers and administration	te senior officer engagement	_		
Risk Consequences: -Reputational impactLong term congestion and air pollution increaseRegional productivity reducedThreat to investment across the city.					
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth and Regeneration, Director Economy of Place.	-				
Portfolio Flag: Public Health and Communities			las been resolved, issues remain around the lis under review, but significant work remain		
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Wellbeing.					

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assessment		Risk Tolera	nce Level
Risk Title: CRR45 - Failure to deliver statutory duty in respect of the safeguarding of children		20	poor	6	poo



Description: Failure to deliver statutory duty in respect of the safeguarding of children resulting in harm or death to a child or other unmitigated risk to the local authority	Deteriorating	Likelihood = 3 Impact = 5	Likelihood = 2 Impact = 3		
Risk Causes:	Existing Con	trols	Mitigating Actions		
Staffing failure: recruitment and retention	Control		Action Title	Due Date	Progress
COVID failure: business continuity plans fail due to higher infection/isolation Management failure: failure to oversee and respond in a timely way to child protection concerns, leaving children at risk	Benchmarking salaries with region		Revising recruitment and retention strategy in response to evidence of turnover and vacancies in areas of particular pressure (front door, experienced social workers and frontline managers)	May 2022	100%
	Investing in training and developOver-recruiting where required	ment	Commissioned independent peer review of the statutory safeguarding arrangements to ensure that the council's statutory officers are	May 2022	100%
	Reviewing system pressures and basis	d taking action on a weekly	executing their responsibilities and undertaking due diligence in a legal and appropriate way.		
	5.		Implement transformation programme of Children's service	Oct 2024	0%
Risk Consequences: Harm or death of a child Inspection failure and regulatory action Litigation and reputational damage Other unpredicted costs to the LA	 Systemic unit model and integrated. Skilled and stable workforce with - Continued low use of agency wacancies have risen. Strong multiagency children's sa under Keeping Bristol Safe arrar Scrutiny of statutory safeguardin 	low use of agency workers orkers but turnover and feguarding partnership			
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director People, Director Children's and Families Services.					
Portfolio Flag: Children's Services, Education & Equalities	children in unregistered placements vand weekly senior leadership overs	vhich is illegal. We are mitiga ight whilst we continue to s	increased number of children coming into care witing this by regular visits to undertake QA of the page arch for registered placements. We have protransformation mandate. Couple of internal cont	rovision and to soosals in place	see children to improve
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Wellbeing.	detect where intense interventions is		Transionnation manuate. Couple of internal cont	iois systems die	in piace to

	Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Assessment	Risk Tolerance Level
--	-------------	-------	-------------------------	----------------------



Risk Title: CRR10 - Safeguarding Adults at Risk with Care and Support Needs Description: The council fails to ensure adequate safeguarding measures are in place for adults at risk.	Constant	15 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 5	Impact	7 Likelihoo Impac	od = 1	Impact
Risk Causes:	Existing Co	ontrols		Mitigating A	ctions	
Adequacy of controls. Management and operational practices.	Control		Action Title	•	Due Date	Progres s
Demand for services exceeds capacity and capability. Poor information sharing. Lack of capacity or resources to deliver safe practice. Reduction in or lack of supply of commissioned care.	 Annual report shared with El scrutiny of progress of the K (KBSP). 		Development and delivery Safeguarding Hub as a pr partnership.	iority for the	April 2023	80%
Failure to commission safe care for adults at risk. Failure to meet the requirements of the 'Prevent Duty' placed on Local Authorities.	Training for all key staff in th safeguarding.Twice weekly business conti		Review of Safeguarding P creation of Standard Oper Procedures and Performa	ating nce Clinics.	December 2022	
Increased destitution in families, impacting on mental ill health, managing increased infection within the population.	of commissioned care and a waiting list.	ctive management of	Internal Audit Actions – feeding into existing controls		March 2023	95%
(COVID19) Increased isolation. (COVID19) Increase identification of self-neglect and complexity. Carer strain / resilience. (COVID19)	Improved Data through Pow safeguarding concerns feed management operational me	ing into monthly	Developing a Risk Enable	ment Tool	April 2023	75%
Risk Consequences: Financial damage Legal liability Death/Injury Reputational damage	Safeguarding Discussion Fo monthly – sharing informatio cases	rum – multi-agency held	Develop Self-neglect path providing training, tools to escalate cases of neglect		April 2023	75%
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director People, Director Adult Social Care.						
Portfolio Flag: Adult Social Care & Integrated Care System	Summary of Progress: TBA					
Strategic Theme: Strategy Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering others and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well connected, Wellbeing.	-					



Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk	Assessment	Risk To	olerance Le	evel
Risk Title: CRR6 Fraud and Corruption Description: Failure to prevent or detect acts of significant fraud or corruption against the council from either internal or external sources.	Constant	15 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 5	poorlina	9 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 3	Likelihood	Impact
Risk Causes: Heightened levels of fraud, including cyber fraud, as criminals attempt to exploit the COVID-	Existing Cor	ntrols		Mitigating Action	s	
19 pandemic and current cost of living increases	Control		Action		Due Date	Progress
Relaxation of controls in current emergency environment (Covid 19) as payments and support are	A dedicated Counter Fraud and	Investigation team - BCC	Fraud Risk Assessment		June 2023	5%
being dispersed quickly in line with government requirement.	has a dedicated Counter Fraud with varied skills (investigation,		2. Improve Whistleblow	ing process	June 2023	75%
Failure of management to implement a sound system of internal control and/or to demonstrate commitment to it at all times. Not keeping up to date with developments, in new areas of fraud. Insufficient risk assessment of new emerging fraud issues. Lack of clear management control of responsibility, authorities and / or delegation Lack of resources to undertake the depth of work required to minimise the risks of fraud /avoidance. This potential cause is highlighted at this time given the potential impact of the current pandemic situation and with staff redeployed to support the emergency response. Under investment in fraud prevention and detection technology and resource.	with varied skills (investigation, accountancy, audata analysis skills). 2. Audits - Internal Audit reviews will sometimes included a sasessment of fraud controls. In addition, the Continued team undertake 'Fraud Prevention reviews Fraudits'. 3. Continued use of analytic and additional resource perform payment checks. Pre-payment checking support grants continue, including bank account validation, Company House checks, duplicate claracters and IP address checks. 4. National Fraud Initiative (NFI) fraud hub App - The NFI/Cabinet Office Fraud Hub is in use, with a liring prevention and detection been rolled out to Housing Options team.			mentation	October 2022	100%
Risk Consequences: Losses to fraud under emergency measures is	against Protect - benchmarking improvement plan has been de		4.Review National Frau Matching		March 2023	83%
inevitable. Potential increase in financial losses due to increase in scams.	implemented. 6. Participation in anti-fraud exerc		5.Establish a long term advanced fraud hub	more technologically	March 2023	100%
Failure to prevent or detect acts of significant fraud or corruption could result in financial loss for the Council. Reputational damage could be suffered if fraud occurs. Risk Owner(s): Chief Executive and Director of Finance (S151 Officer).	the biennial Cabinet Office Nati exercise, the annual Council Ta exercise and have been involve matching with HMRC/Covid gra Counter Fraud team undertake data analytic work. 7. Planned programme of proactive prevention work - BCC Counter	ax Single Persons discount ed in pilot exercises of data ants. In addition, BCC a planned programme of we fraud detection and r Fraud team develop an				



	increasing fraud risks. 8. Whistleblowing procedure - New internal procedure developed. HR advisor assigned to each Whistle-blow. 9. Increased the use of technology and data analytics - Increased use of tools, data analytics and other sources of data to prevent and detect fraud.
Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance	Summary of Progress: The risk score remains the same. The current economic crisis and the use of advanced analytics by fraudsters requires the organisation to remain vigilant to the risk of fraud by ensuring there are robust arrangements for fraud prevention, identification and
1 21121112112	
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation	investigation. The Council continues to maximise use of data analytics to fight against fraud and corruption. Current focus is on review of outputs from the National Fraud Initiative exercises.

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Ri	sk Assessment	Risk	Tolerance Level	
Risk Title: CRR27 – Failure to Deliver the Capital Transport Programme						
Description: Management of the overall transport capital programme is key to ensuring we deliver against mayoral priorities in the most cost and time efficient way possible. Failure to do so negatively impacts the council's reputation and finances and makes the council less likely to reduce congestion, air pollution and inequality.	Constant	15 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 5	Impact	6 Likelihood = 2 Impact = 3	Impact	
Risk Causes:	Existing Controls	Mitigating Actions				
- Overspend on individual schemes leading to uncontainable cost pressures	Control		Action Title		Due Date	Progre ss
Underspend on annual profile Lack of coordination and programme	Biweekly Capital Programme Review Board - Cap review board reviewing timescales and status of the		Develop proposals for mana programme (working with Tr		May 2022	100%
management across divisions - COVID - 19 - Loss of resource and inability to recruit	PMO Capital Programme Process Review - Revicapital programme processes to align better with develop management of the capital programme - Reporting April. Likely to replace 6 month review	corporate PMO and	Strategic partner to complet delivery	e assessment of capital	May 2022	100%
	Regular briefings and reporting to senior management and cabinet members.		Client Function Review alon Review client function and h mitigate potential loss of res central PMO	low it is delivered to	September 2022 0%	
	Biweekly capital programme review board - review status of the relevant projects.	wing timescales and				
Risk Consequences: - Financial impact - Failure to progress schemes or delays to						



					, COD2.
schemes impact on productivity of city and aims to reduce congestion, air pollution and inequality - Reputation Impact Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth and Regeneration, Director					
Economy of Place.					
Portfolio Flag: Public Health and Communities Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Wellbeing	Summary of Progress: Some additional redelayed which reduces pressure but overall to fill gaps and resourcing being assessed a	l, still same risk level of fa			
Threat Risk	Trend	Current R	isk Assessment	Risk Tolera	nce Level
Risk Title: CRR5 - Business Continuity and Council Resilience		40	B 0	0	8
Description: If the council has a Business Continuity disruption and is unable to ensure the resilience of key BCC operations and business activities, then the impact of the event maybe	Improving	10 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 5	Likelihood	9 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 3	Likelihood

council Services. **Risk Causes:**

- -Strikes (People, Fuel).
- -Loss of key staff (communicable diseases (Covid illness and self-isolation) and influenza.
- -Loss of suppliers / supply chain disruption.

increased with a greater impact on people and

- -Loss of accommodation to deliver key services.
- -Loss of equipment / infrastructure, including
- -Any event which may cause major disruption e.g. severe weather
- -Unavailability of IT and/or Telecoms.
- -Knowledge loss.
- -Reduced chances of preventing/ responding to incidents due to a lack of forward planning or investment.
- -Climate change

Risk Consequences:

- -Inability to deliver/support front line services.
- -Service Disruption.
- -Loss of service.
- -Transportation disruption.
- -Additional demand on services.
- -Potential risk to staff and public safety.

Existing Controls

Control

- A number of Policies, procedures and arrangements are in place including duty rotas for key service areas and the Duty Director rota.
- 2. Corporate Business Continuity Framework, including BC escalation process - Framework presented at CRG on 11th
- Corporate Business Continuity Group, bringing owners of 'cross cutting business support services' together (IT, FM, Procurement, HR) to horizon scan and risk manage - BC Group has met several times since March 2022 - Formalise reporting arrangements and governance required.
- Corporate Resilience Group overseeing, corporate preparedness, including BC capability - CRG hosted power outage exercise on 22nd March, allowing key services to test business continuity arrangements. Learning from this exercise will shape a corporate power outage plan.
- The CRG will seek assurances from key service areas regarding the robustness of continuity arrangements against local risk.

Impact

6. Embed CRG and BC Group into corporate governance

framework, including alignment with corporate risk group

understanding critical IT requirements, understanding disaster

recovery capacity, improving IT outage planning at corporate

and service levels, increasing resilience to IT outages, power

failures and other risks - FBC for the project is being developed

7.IT Disaster Recovery / Business Continuity project -



Action Title	Due Date	Progress
Align BC Planning with Service Delivery Planning	May 2022	100%
Review Corporate Business Continuity Framework Doc	September 2022	100%
Review Service-level Business Continuity Plan template	September 2022	100%
4. Lead IT Resilience / Business Continuity project, including developing battle boxes, an IT Resilience Plan, understanding DR arrangements across BCC delivered IT services and SAAS, improving service-level BC plans for managing IT outages, testing arrangements	December 2022	100%
5. Workshops to support services to complete BC templates	December 2023	50%

Ongoing

December 2022

90%

Mitigating Actions



Increased financial cost in terms of damage control and insurance costs. Legal compliance and financial penalty. Reputational damage.	Service Level Business Continuity Planning - Services will be developing their BC plans in Q3, aligned to service planning.	and will be presented to Resources EDM on 11th July 2022. (Not in pentane)
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth and Regeneration Chief Executive, Director Management of Place. Portfolio Flag: City Economy, Finance & Performance Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Wellbeing.	possible energy supply issues), means the risk of business continuity chall however the range of impacts either event could result in makes it difficult	d with significant external challenges this winter (usual winter weather, cost of living crisis, enges remains likely. Work has been ongoing to address IT resilience and energy supply, to lower the risk score this quarter. Significant progress has been made on the Business e Business Impact Analysis (to be completed by HoS as part of this years' service planning Framework.

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk Asse	essment	Ris	k Tolerance L	_evel
Risk Title: CRR26 – ICT Resilience Description: The Councils ability to deliver critical and key services in the event of ICT outages, and be able to recover in the event of system and/or data loss.	Constant	14 Likelihood = 2 Impact = 7	Impact	1(Likelihoo Impact	od = 2	O
Risk Causes: Poor Business Continuity (BCP) planning and understanding of key system	Existing	g Controls	Mitigating Actions			
architecture.	Control		Action Title		Due Date	Progres s
Untested Disaster Recovery (DR) arrangements including data recovery.	Connection to BCC systems pro working from home connection	Application/system risk log		September 2021	100%	
Untested network reconfiguration to alleviate key location outage.	route is via VPN. We have test	to our systems is vital and the main ed alternative access which can be	2. IT Resilience and BCF	Phase 2	January 2023	100%
Untested recovery schedules in terms of order and instructions. Lack of resilience available for legacy systems (single points of failure - people and technology). Services undertaking their own IT arrangements outside of the corporate approach. used. 2 factor authentication on non-BCC pcs to login to Micro 2. Highlight to service areas vulr service areas where application in the service areas vulr service areas where application in the service areas vulr service areas where application in the service areas vulr service areas where application in the service areas vulr serv		erable applications - Highlighting to ns may be vulnerable and advising on to enable appropriate BC planning. loud with more effective DR. critical systems - Workshops are in	IT Resilience and Business Continuity Project Phase 1		March 2022	100%
Risk Consequences: Inability to deliver services	progress to review and improve systems including: Adult and ch	e resilience for our most critical nildren's social care, Revs and Bens	Project to move Shared Drives to Cloud		November 2023	50%
Solvidos	 and Housing Supplier run order in the event of multiple system outage - our disaster recovery supplier has a run order in the event of a major 		Removal of legacy hardware from estate		August 2025	50%



Risk Owner(s): Chief Executive, Director, Digital Transformation, Service Area Leads.	outage involving multiple systems. 5. Weekly testing of individual systems restore - The restore of individual systems is tested weekly on a rotational basis
Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance	Summary of Progress: The 1st phase of this project is complete, and we await a decision from CLB in regards to phase 2 restarting in 23/24.
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation	

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk	Risk T	olerance Level			
Risk Title: CRR29 - Information Security Management System (ISMS)	Constant	10	В	5	8		
Description: There is a risk that if the council does not have an Information Security Management System then it will not be able to effectively manage Information Security risks.		Likelihood = 2 Impact = 5	Impact	Likelihood = Impact = 5		pact	
Risk Causes: Ineffective Information Security Management System, inadequate resources to	Control			Mitigating Action	ons		
create and maintain an ISMS, management buy in and support to operate an ISMS.			Action Ti		Due Date	Progres s	
in and support to operate an lowe.	 Guidance and awareness of regular phishing campaigns being delivered to raise awa 	s. Comms and awareness	Continue roll out of Poorersight from ICGB Governance Tool		December 2023	75%	
	around the risk of Cyber incidents and how good Information Security practices (including adherence to		Implement Audit Actions with oversight by IG Board		August 2023	80%	
Risk Consequences: Information security incidents resulting in loss of personal data or breach of privacy / confidentiality. Safeguarding data breach impacting on safety of vulnerable child or adult. Risk of breaching the regulations, and being subject to penalties/fines - Regulations Fines increasing from up to £500,000 to 10-20m Euros of 4% of global turnover.	policies) will help minimise occurring 2. Security Team Training 3. Meta Compliance tool onlin compliance/engagement of	e to track					



Increased litigation. Reputational damage. Risk Owner(s): Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO).					
Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance	ummary of Progress: Policy reviews are now taking place for the remaining new policies. Next step is to embed these across the rganisation; however, this work will take longer due to recruitment/resourcing challenges.				
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well Connected, Wellbeing					

Threat Risk	Trend	Current Risk A	ssessment	Risk T	Risk Tolerance Level		
Risk Title: CRR4 – Failure to Deliver an effective Corporate Health, Safety and Wellbeing Framework							
Description: To deliver an effective management framework in place to ensure that the workplace and work environment is free from health and safety hazards. The framework the Council will use to achieve this is based on the Health and Safety Executives guidance Managing for Health and Safety (HSG65) 'Plan, Do Check Act' approach. The framework will apply to all employees who work at the Council whether on a permanent of temporary basis, Schools, contractor's agency staff visitors and other parties who have a business relationship with BCC.	Constant	10 Likelihood = 2 Impact = 5	lmpact	10 Likelihood = Impact = 5	5 (Impact	
Risk Causes: If services do not have sufficient staff numbers to carry out work plans in a safe way.	Existing Cont	ontrols Mitigating Actions					
If services are not able to order appropriate equipment required for staff safety.	Control		Action	Title	Due Date	Progres s	
Lack of appropriate equipment. Lack of appropriate training.	5 Year Health and Safety Strategy - The strategy		1.Audit of key areas of risk		March 2022	100%	
Lack of oversight and control by local management. Lack of information on the potential or known risks.	has 5 key themes - Leader Risk Control, Communicati	2.New Accident Incident Reporting System		March 2022	100%		
Inadequate contract management arrangements. Lack of effective processes and systems consistently being applied Policies are not kept up to date.	Learning and development and Performance Management 2. CDM, Legionella and Asbestos procedures have		Review Health and Safety Procedures		March 2023	20%	
Risk Consequences: Risk of injury Staff, visitors, contractors, citizens. Risk of injury to our tenants. Staff put under undue pressure leading to staff taking sick	been revised 3. CHaSMs Monitoring Syste completed in November ar January. Action plans in p	nd reported on to EDMs in	4.Training and Development Programme for Health, Safety and Well-being		December 2022	10%	
leave, or leaving the organisation.	January. Action plans in p	iace and on the					



Risk of legal action/penalties against the Council and individual managers, including possibility of Corporate Manslaughter.

Impact on the reputation of the City Council. Lack of compliance with Health and Safety policies and safe practices, due to pressures of work or lack of training. Reputational damage

Risk Owner(s): Chief Executive and Corporate Leadership Board (CLB), Director of Workforce Change.

SHAREPOINT. Discussion with internal audit over the future of CHaSMs. Will become a yearly assessment September for Corporate Estate and October for Schools, will be linked to service and financial planning cycles to better embed the process. Work will continue on ensuring SMART action plans and better understanding of operational health and safety risks. The revised CHaSMs is due to be sent out in October 2022.

- 4. Fire Safety Management System Fire Safety Management System is in place and has been piloted. Is ready to be published on SOURCE by 30th March 2022. Once published a number of information sessions will take place to ensure managers and key responsible people understand how to implement system.
- 5. Health and Well-being plan Health and Wellbeing plan in place and being implemented
- New integrated OH, EAP and Physiotherapy contract - New contract in place for a year. Overall is working well there are some red spots (health surveillance) which is currently being contract managed due to delivery.
- 7. Reorganising the Corporate Health Safety and Wellbeing Team New job and paperwork completed with business plan and EIA. Currently out for consultation with staff group and TU. Consultation end on 21st March 2022. Jobs will go to evaluation panel on Tuesday 29th, appointment to internal post during April onwards. The consultation process has been completed any because of Councils financial position this is being revised and will probably be implemented in two parts.

Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance **Strategic Theme:** Our Organisation

Summary of Progress: The risk score for this remains unchanged at this quarterly review. Progress is being made on some of the key areas of improvement. Progress is slower than anticipated at this time due to staff shortages however it is anticipated that over the next quarter some key areas will have moved from the planning stage to the doing stage.



Threat Risk	Trend	Current Ri	Risk Tolerance Level			vel	
Risk Title: CRR18 - Failure to deliver enough new homes to meet Mayoral and Annual Business Plan targets.							
Description: Failure of the City to deliver to the Mayoral Target of 2000 new homes per year by 2024. Strategies and delivery models designed to further stimulate growth in the housing market and deliver diversity of the housing offer across the city prove to be ineffective and do not attract and retain economically active residents.	Constant	10 Likelihood = 2 Impact = 5	Impact		ood = 3 ct = 3	Likelihood	pact
Risk Causes: -Not enough planning applications submitted	Existing Controls		Mitigating Actions				
-Not enough planning permissions granted -Insufficient housing land identified in	Control		Action Title		Due I	Date	Progress
strategic planning documents -Inability of the housebuilding industry to	1.Created a single multi-disciplinary Housing Delivery Team		Secure Homes England Affordable March 20 Housing Programme Funding		March 202	6	40%
deliver at this level -Increased uncertainty in the market due to	2.Established a Local Housing Company (Goram Homes).		Revised Affordable Housing Ful Policy 2022-202	nding	April 2022		100%
Brexit and Covid-19.	3.Introduced the Affordable Housing Practice Note.						
	4.Issued grants to Registered Providers (F	RPs).					
Risk Consequences: -Reputational damage	5.Manage a targeted grant funding progra delivery of affordable homes.	mme to subsidise the					
- Fail to deliver inclusive growth - Increased housing need / homelessness	6.Required a minimum of 30% affordable housing on land released by the Council.						
-Increased cost of housing -Failure to retain economically active	7.Secured additional grant funding for infra	astructure.					



residents. -Widening gap on demand	8.Secured funding from Homes England	
-Growth of student accommodation retracting	9.Service Review of Housing Delivery Team	
	10.Worked collaboratively with Homes England	
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director Growth	11. Strategic City Planning monitor housing	
and Regeneration, Director Development of	completions and future pipeline of consents	
Place.	·	
Portfolio Flag: Housing Delivery and	Summary of Progress: Completions for 2021/22 exceeded 2,500 units,	this represented the highest completion figure for some years. There remains a
Homes	significant pipeline of planning consents.	
Strategic Theme: Fair and Inclusive		
Strategic Theme. Fall and inclusive		

Threat Risk	Trend	Current I	Risk Assessment	Risk Toler	lerance Level		
Risk Title: CRR54 - Financial sustainability of nursery schools	Data da matina d				_		
Description: The impact of Covid and union action on maintained nursery schools and classes will significantly reduce the funding provided to the LA and schools and could impact on sustainability and sufficiency (sufficiency being a statutory responsibility of the service) Ongoing underfunding of nursery schools continue to raise questions about their future.	Deteriorating (Escalated)	21 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 7	Impact CKellihood	6 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 3	Likelihood	Dact	
Risk Causes:	Existing C	ontrols	ntrols N				
Availability of staff to service early years	Control		Action Ti	tle	Due Date	Progress	
learningCensus data weakened to inform on EY	Identification of potential fiReview of progress with ag	nancial impact greed actions with targeted	Developing strategic proposals for nu response to the finding of the context	July 2022	100%		
sector funding.Government process change.	nursery schools. Published a council positic nursery schools and key a required to support sustair		Continuing with the nursery transform working with nursery schools to imple reduce in-year deficits and move towathe future.	September 2023	45%		
	Individual finance visits to schools with the largest in-	four targeted nursery	Reviewing the space on each nursery income from hosting co-located service	July 2022	100%		
	action plans to tackle identified issues. Communication with nursery schools to establish		Continuing ongoing dialogue the nursery schools to establish the impact of Covid through this financial year.		March 2022	100%	
Risk Consequences: 1. Increased financial deficits in maintained	Covid impact and impact o		Establishing impact of provision of eligible 2 year old provision and SEND within nursery schools.		July 2022	100%	
nursery schools leading to impact on the DSG and long-term sustainability.	in collaboration with LA ma headteachers and governo	aintained nursery school ors.	Bringing groups of nursery schools to collaborative and federation models to leadership, skills and expertise.		September 2023	50%	
Reduction in places across the maintained sector on a permanent basis	Context conversations to capture the strengths and strategic importance of nursery schools as well as		Modelling management of change an models to inform discussions.	September 2023	50%		



as schools close unsustainable nursery provision that impacts on the city's sufficiency plan.	the financial and operational challenges.	Engaging with elected members to review strategic position of nursery schools and how the council can support remodelling and securing future sustainability.	September 2023	45%
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director People, Service Director Education and Skills		Identifying additional capacity required to support programme of change. Paper being drawn up for Schools Forum to secure additional funding.	September 2023	100%
Portfolio Flag: Children's Services, Education & Equalities	Summary of Progress: Q3 outturns show that in-	year deficits continue to grow. Overall deficit at end of 2022-23 w	vill be approx.	£7.5m.
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well Connected, Wellbeing				

Opportunity Risks

Opportunity Risk	Trend	Current Risk Ass	sessment	Risk T	olerance Lev	el
Risk Title: OPP1 - One City Approach		21	ро	28		
Description: The One City Approach will offer a new way to plan strategically with partners as part of a wider city system.	Improving	Likelihood = 3 Impact = 7	Impact	Likelihood = Impact = 7	9	ct
Risk Causes: 1. Mayoral aspiration and widespread partner sign-up to principles	Existing (Controls		Mitigating Acti	ons	
Work to date has produced outline plan and engaged partners in the long-term vision and necessary work to complete the plan.	Control		Action	Action Title		Progres s
	V3 One City Plan Produce of the One City Plan an report available on the June 2021.	1. One City Plan ref	resh process	March 2023	10%	
			2. Set up Partnershi	p Board	October 2022	75%
			3.City Office Team N	Mandate	September 2022	95%
Risk Consequences: 1. The council can plan as part of a wider city system, making stronger plans based on agreed city priorities which already have partner buy-in 2. Potential to make financial and efficiency savings and/ or deliver better services and/or reduced demand for service, reducing costs whilst improving						



citizen outcomes. Update April 2020: 3. Relationships already built can accelerate communication, collaboration and effective delivery of a coherent plan for the city's recovery from Covid-19 Risk Owner(s): Director Policy, Strategy and Partnerships.		
Portfolio Flag: Finance, Governance and Performance	with some of the temporary capacity issues. It should be r	eturned from their redeployment and so this should help to deal noted however there is now a gap at the team's administration has been found but if this is to continue then the risk to capacity
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation	will increase.	

External and Civil Contingency Risks

External and Civil Contingency Risk	Trend	Current Ri	sk Assessment	Risk To	olerance Leve	I
Risk Title: BCCC5 - Cost of Living Crisis impact on Citizens and Communities Description: Failure of the council and its one-city partners to	Constant	28	ikelihood	9	ikelihood	
mitigate against, and provide adequate services to, citizens experiencing increases in living costs including fuel and food leading to increased poverty, inequity and worsening health & wellbeing as a result of the ongoing cost of living crisis.	Likelihood = 4 Impact = 7		를 Impact	Likelihood = 3 Impact = 3	lmb	act
Risk Causes:	Existing (Controls	Mitigating Actions			
-Supply chains disruption	Control		Action Title		Due Date	Progress
-Global COVID-19 Pandemic	1. Baseline / impact a		Update baseline assessment following gov		July 2022	100%
-Brexit	understand potential i	mpact on	announcement 26 May 22	COVID receivery /boolth	luly 2022	100%
-War in Ukraine -Leading to rapid inflation	Bristolians 2. Creation of monitor	ing framework with	Work with Quartet to ensure COVID recovery /health inequity funding is directed to response and building community resilience Communication plan		July 2022	100%
Risk Consequences:	'red flag' indicators 3. Development of civ	ic & community			July 2022	100%
-Destitution - homelessness -Inability for citizens to pay general services and utilities	asset map 4. Development of fra	mework for targeted	Establish network of commulby September	ınity hubs and 'city offer'	September 2022	100%
-Increased debt for citizens and the council -Health and well-being deterioration	action 5. Data monitoring of	key 'red flag'	Cost of Living – assess impa	act on business	September 2022	100%
-Inequity deepening -Increased demand on services across the council leading to failure to meet this demand	indicators - monitored and One Council Ground 6. Established One Co	by the One City up	Work with Quartet and other funders to deliver grant funding to implement autumn/winter response as agreed		September 2022	100%
Tallaro to most tillo domaila	5. 25.a25110d 5110 0		Work with Quartet to deliver Social Action Grants		January 2023	100%



-Community cohesion deteriorates	monitor impact and coordinate action (meeting appx every 3 weeks)		e Impact Assessment		December 2022	100%		
Risk Owner(s): Executive Director People, Director Health	7. Established One City Coordination Review fund			funding approach with Quartet for 2023		February 2023	50%	
Health	nealui		Group 8. Communication plan in place led by Planning for for winter 20		for 2023 event - Review appr 2023	oach and plan	April 2023	20%
		BCC External Communications 9. Bi-weekly meetings of Community Mid-point review partners - review			review - In person workshop with al review what's happened to date, what's		100%	
Portfolio Flag: Public Health and Communities					rting increasing numbers a to have a significant impa			
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering a Fair and Inclusive, Well Connected, Wellbeing	and Caring,	We are now planning	g the transition from win	iter respoi	nse to focus on resilience I review the score at the e	and how we		
External and Civil Contingency Risk		Trend	Current Risk Ass		sessment Risk		k Tolerance l	_evel
Pescription: There could be a risk of damage to properties and infrastructure as well as risk to public safety from flooding which may be caused by a tidal surge, heavy rainfall and river flood events.	Co	onstant	15 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 5	3	Likelihood	9 Likelihoo Impact	= 3	O
Risk Causes:		Existing (Controls		Mitigating A			
 Tidal surge, heavy rainfall, and river flood events Impact of climate change Lack of effective flood defences and preparedness for major incidents Failure of existing flood defences 	Somerse organisa includes Coastal compani Northeas Glouces 2. Engager	et Local Resilience Foru- tions needed to prepare the emergency servic Agency, Environment les, transport providers st Somerset, Bristol, No- tershire.	desilience Forum - The Avon and turn (LRF) is a partnership of all the e for an emergency in the LRF area. It ces, health services, Maritime and Agency, volunteer agencies, utility and the five councils of Bath and borth Somerset, Somerset, and South theres to develop flood response plans		Scheme Deliver Bristol Avon Flood Strategy Deliver Local Flood Risk Management Actions		Due Date June 2027 December 2023 February 2030 June 2021	25% 25% 100%

Risk Consequences:

- -Economic Impacts incl loss of Property
 -Loss of Life/injury
 -Reputational Damage

and other agencies to develop flood response plans and procedures, investigating instances of flooding, training specialist staff in swift water rescue techniques, communicating with housing and business developers to incorporate flood protection into new developments. It provides guidance to members of the public about flooding, including flood warnings and what people can do to help themselves

	nood warnings and what people can do to help themselves.
3.	Local Flood Risk Management Strategy - Bristol has in place a local
	Flood Risk Management Strategy which comprises of 5 key themes

Mitigating	Actions	
Action Title	Due Date	Progress
Avonmouth Village Flood	June 2027	20%
Scheme		
Deliver Bristol Avon Flood	December 2023	25%
Strategy		
Deliver Local Flood Risk	February 2030	25%
Management Actions		
Expression of Interest to	June 2021	100%
participate in the DEFRA		
Innovation and Resilience		
programme		
Strategic Outline Case for	June 2021	100%
Managing River Avon Flood Risk		
Frome Catchment Innovation	March 2027	0%
Programme - Development of a		
number of measures to mitigate		
flood risk from the river Frome		



Portfolio Flag: Climate, Ecology, Energy & Waste and Strategic Planning, Resilience and Flood	and 43 separate actions in line with Environment Agency's national strategy. The Strategy has used outputs from a number of key studies (which identify the risk of flooding to the city) to structure our response to flood risk management, from emergency management to flood mitigation schemes 4. Regular and Emergency Maintenance and Clearing of Gullies and Culverts – especially in advance of storm warnings 5. Ongoing engagement with Civil Protection unit Summary of Progress: Recruitment process carried out for principal flood officer to lead Frome innovation project. This will ease pressures on the team as a whole. Overall team structure to be considered now to assess how best to move forwards and cover management functions. Risk level remains the same overall.								
External and Civil Contingency Ris	sk	Trend	Current Risk	Assessment	Risk Tolera	nce Level			
Risk Title: BCCC4 – Winter diseases including COVID-19 and Flu (formerly COVID-19 Population Health) Description: Covid 19 poses multiple risks to population health. Directly from infection; indirectly through social and economic impacts; and through pressures on the health and care system. On 21ST Feb 2022 the Gov announced Living with Covid Strategy which includes withdrawal of population testing and contact tracing. Isolation and other compliance is voluntary. New risks are: Reduced ability to see infection Negative impacts on business continuity and health from high levels of circulating infection Harms to high-risk individuals and risks within high consequence settings		Constant	9 Likelihood = 3 Impact = 3	Likelihood	14 Likelihood = 2 Impact = 7	Impact			
Risk Causes: Covid 19 poses multiple risks to population		Existing Co	ntrols		Mitigating Actions				
Directly from infection; indirectly through social and economiand through pressures on the health and care system. Remocontrols reduces ability to contain infection.		Daily Situation Reports – weekly from April 2022 and will be produced in current format until 31st March 2023 Investment in Infection Prevention and Control - Additional recurrent investment has been made in Community Infection Prevention and control. Regional and Health system IPC oversight established Local Outbreak Management and Response Plan - LOMP has been replaced by living with Covid Plan -developed with partners. Mitigations in place include: New Surveillance,		Action Title There are 9 COVID Poper mitigating Actions	Due Dat oulation Health Sub risks				





Risk Consequences: Infection from Covid, proportion of severe illness, long Covid and deaths. Disruption to work, school, university. Emotional and mental health impacts, for all ages including loneliness. Food poverty.	Communication, Engagement, Prevention — including vaccination, Protection — high risk settings and Response and surge preparedness. Weekly Outbreak Management Group replaced by weekly Living With Covid Group. Monthly reports to CLB Gold and regular updates to ELM Regular staff and public bulletins 4. Ongoing Community Engagement and Mental Health Work - Additional investment in MH work through Thrive. £500k from CCG for student MH. One City focus on YP and night-time activities. Additional investment in communities, VCSE - £2m from CCG and additional funds for community vaccine champions. 5. Priority Programmes focussed on Mental Health, Well-Being and Food Poverty 6. Protecting Health Function - Enhanced protecting health function - completed / Green.	
	Weekly reports published – will remain in place but frequency may change - Green 7. Weekly Death Management and Vaccine Reports	
Risk Owner(s): Executive Directors & Director of Public Health	reports	
Portfolio Flag: Mayor	Summary of Progress: Mitigations in place - no change to overall risk position.	
Strategic Theme: Our Organisation, Empowering and Caring, Fair and Inclusive, Well Connected, Wellbeing		





Risk Scoring Matrix



			Threat Im (Negative				Opportunity impact (Positive Risk)						
	Almost certain	4	4 (Low)	12 (Medlum)	20 (High)	28 (Critical)	28 (Significant)	20 (High)	12 (Medium)	4 (Low)	4	Almost certain	
pooqle	Likely	3	3 (Low)	9 (Medlum)	15 (High)	21 (High)	21 (High)	15 (High)	9 (Medium)	3 (Low)	3	Likely	Opportunit
Threat Likelhood	Unlikely	2	Z (Low)	6 (Medlum)	10 (Medlum)	14 (High)	14 (High)	10 (Medlum)	6 (Medium)	Z (Low)	2	Unlikely	y Likelihood
	Rare	1	1 (Low)	3 (Low)	5 (Medlum)	7 (Medlum)	7 (Medlum)	5 (Medlum)	3 (Low)	1 (Low)	1	Rare	
			1	3	5	7	7	5	3	1			
			Minor	Moderate	Major	Critical	Exceptional	Sign ificant	Modest	Slight			

Threat Level	Opportunity Level	Level of Risk	Actions Required		
1-4	1-4	Low	lay not need any further action / monitor at the Service level.		
5-12	5-12	Medium	action required, manage and monitor at the Directorate level.		
14-21	14-21	High	Must be addressed - if Directorate level consider escalating to the Corporate Risk Report, if Corporate consider escalating to the Cabinet Lea		
28	28	Critical / Significant	Action required - escalate if a Directorate level risk, escalate to the Corporate Level, if Corporate bring to the attention of the Cabinet Leconfirm action to be taken.		

Likelihood And Impact Risk Rating Scoring

Likelihood Guidance..

Likeliheed	Likelihood Ratings 1 to 4					
Likelinood	1	2	3	4		



Description	Might happen on rare occasions.	Will possibly happen, possibly on several occasions.	Will probably happen, possibly at regular intervals.	Likely to happen, possibly frequently.
Numerical Likelihood	Less than 10%	Less than 50%	50% or more	75% or more

Severity of Impact Guidance (Risk to be assessed against all of the Categories, and the highest score used in the matrix).

Immost Cotonomi	Impact Levels 1 to 7						
Impact Category	1	3	5	7			
Service provision	Very limited effect (positive or negative) on service provision. Impact can be managed within normal working arrangements.	Noticeable and significant effect (positive or negative) on service provision. Effect may require some additional resource, but manageable in a reasonable time frame.	Severe effect on service provision or a Corporate Strategic Plan priority area. Effect may require considerable /additional resource but will not require a major strategy change.	Extremely severe service disruption. Significant customer opposition. Legal action. Effect could not be managed within a reasonable time frame or by a short-term allocation of resources and may require major strategy changes. The Council risks 'special measures'. Officer / Member forced to resign.			
Communities	Minimal impact on community.	Noticeable (positive or negative) impact on the community or a more manageable impact on a smaller number of vulnerable groups / individuals which is not likely to last more than six months.	A more severe but manageable impact (positive or negative) on a significant number of vulnerable groups / individuals which is not likely to last more than twelve months.	A lasting and noticeable impact on a significant number of vulnerable groups / individuals.			
Environmental	No effect (positive or negative) on the natural and built environment.	Short term effect (positive or negative) on the natural and or built environment.	Serious local discharge of pollutant or source of community annoyance that requires remedial action.	Lasting effect on the natural and or built environment.			
Financial Loss / Gain	Under £0.5m	Between £0.5m - £3m	Between £3m - £5m	More than £5m			
Fraud & Corruption Loss	Under £50k	Between £50k - £100k	Between £100k - £1m	More than £1m			
Legal	No significant legal implications or action is anticipated.	Tribunal / BCC legal team involvement required (potential for claim).	Criminal prosecution anticipated and / or civil litigation.	Criminal prosecution anticipated and or civil litigation (> 1 person).			
Personal Safety	Minor injury to citizens or colleagues.	Significant injury or ill health of citizens or colleagues causing short-term disability / absence from work.	Major injury or ill health of citizens or colleagues may result in. long term disability / absence from work.	Death of citizen(s) or colleague(s). Significant long-term disability / absence from work.			
Programme / Project Management (Including developing commercial enterprises)	Minor delays and/or budget overspend but can be brought back on schedule with this project stage. No threat to delivery of the project on time and to budget and no threat to identified benefits / outcomes.	Slippage causes significant delay to delivery of key project milestones, and/or budget overspends. No threat to overall delivery of the project and the identified benefits / outcomes.	Slippage causes significant delay to delivery of key project milestones; and/or major budget overspends. Major threat to delivery of the project on time and to budget, and achievement of one or more benefits / outcomes.	Significant issues threaten delivery of the entire project. Could lead to project being cancelled or put on hold.			
Reputation	Minimal and transient loss of public or partner trust. Contained within the individual service.	Significant public or partner interest although limited potential for enhancement of, or damage to, reputation. Dissatisfaction reported through council complaints procedure but contained within the council. Local MP involvement. Some local media/social media interest.	Serious potential for enhancement of, or damage to, reputation and the willingness of other parties to collaborate or do business with the council. Dissatisfaction regularly reported through council complaints procedure. Higher levels of local or national interest. Higher levels of local media / social media interest.	Highly significant potential for enhancement of, or damage to, reputation and the willingness of other parties to collaborate or do business with the council. Intense local, national and potentially international media attention. Viral social media or online pick-up. Public enquiry or poor external assessor report.			